



## Student Level, Course Level, and Degree Level

The definition “level” in Pennant depends on the type of level.

### Student Level

The level of the student is one of the elements that defines their curriculum. It drives what will appear on the student’s transcript. For people familiar with the legacy SRS system, student level functions in a manner similar to the old “career” code, except that there were over 100 careers in the old system, and those have been combined in Pennant into the following:

CE	Continuing Education
DM	Dental
GR	Graduate/Research
HS	High School
LW	Law
MD	Medical
PR	Professional
UG	Undergraduate
VT	Vet

Values are in the DWNGSS.V\_STDNT\_LEVEL validation table. There are three additional values in that table that are not in the above list, because they are no longer being used in Pennant: 00, G1, and U1.

Each program that a student is in will always be assigned to one level.

Students in multiple curricula can have all their programs at the same level, or they can have different programs at different levels. Coursework, degrees awarded, and other information appearing on the transcript will be by level. For example, if a student is in one program in level ‘UG’ and another in level ‘GR’ they will have two separate transcripts.

Student Level is found in:

DWNGSS\_PS.ST\_TERM.PRIMARY\_LEVEL – the table has one row per student per term: this field contains the primary program’s level

DWNGSS\_PS.ST\_DEGREE\_TERM.STUDENT\_LEVEL – the table has one row per student per curriculum per term, each curriculum having a level designation

DWNGSS\_PS.ST\_DEGREE\_PURSUAL.STUDENT\_LEVEL – the table has one row per student per curriculum, each curriculum having a level designation

DWNGSS\_PS.ST\_DEGREE\_OUTCOME.STUDENT\_LEVEL – the table has one row per student per degree received (or degree applied for), each one having a level designation

In addition, the level code found in the Degree Planning and Audit tables is the Student Level.

## **Course Level**

Courses are assigned to levels that use the same validation codes as student levels. Courses can be assigned to multiple levels, indicating all of the valid levels in which the course may be used.

The level on the student's enrollment in a course section will initially use one of the course's levels. This is how courses can be mapped to students' transcripts. For example, if a student is in a level 'UG' (Undergraduate) program and also in a 'PR' (Graduate/Research) program and they take a course section that is level 'UG' then that course will only appear on their 'UG' transcript. It will not appear on the 'PR' transcript.

However, once a student has completed a course and it gets graded and rolls to academic history, it can be assigned to additional levels. So for example, if a student is in level 'UG' and 'PR' and their enrollment record has a default level of 'UG' but it has been determined that the course can also count towards their graduate work, the academic history record can be assigned to both the 'UG' and the 'PR' levels, and then it will appear on both transcripts.

Course Level appears in

DWNGSS\_PS.CRSE\_LEVEL.LEVEL\_CODE

DWNGSS\_PS.ST\_ENRLMNT\_LEVEL.ENRLMNT\_LEVEL

## **Degree Level**

This level code is essentially an attribute of the degree code. It does not determine what goes on a transcript, or what requirements meet which curriculum. It is used in reporting when there is a need to categorize degrees. Note that in Pennant, not every degree code is assigned a degree level. Degree level codes are mapped to degree codes that can be awarded as actual degrees; "non-degree degree codes" do not always have an assigned level.

Degree level codes in Pennant are:

AS	Associate
BA	Bachelor
DR	Doctorate
LA	Less than Associate
MA	Master
OT	Other
PR	Professional

Values are in the DWNGSS.V\_DEGREE\_LEVEL validation table. There are three additional values in that table that are not in the above list, because they are no longer being used in Pennant: D, M, P, U.